In the context of business surveys, an enterprise can have several production entities, called establishments. Each establishment works in an area of activity in a geographic region. The purpose of a survey is to estimate the total of the variables of interest associated with specific areas of activity. Surveys use the same population of enterprises; an enterprise can therefore be in the scope of several surveys. First, a large sample of enterprises is selected for all surveys to correct auxiliary information, such as misclassification. Each survey then selects its own subsample; subsamples can overlap. We present the issues surrounding the use of auxiliary information on establishments to improve each survey estimates.